Studies on physico-chemical and biological parameters of Chorgaon Lake Distt. Chandrapur, India

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Abstract

Chorgaon lake is a man made fresh water reservoir at Chorgaon village, in Distf. Chandrapur. The present study has been made to investigate the physico-chemical and biological status of the lake. The study involves the physico-chemical analysis like DO, COD, BOD, Alkalinity, Total Hardness, Chloride, Sulphate and Phosphate along with other parameters and quantitative and qualitative analysis of phytoplankton and zooplankton in biological parameters. Samples were collected from four sampling stations of the lake. The results revealed that site S₂ and S₃ shows more Nitrogen and Phosphate, which favoured the growth of phytoplankton and zooplankton. Phytoplankton shows dominance of Bacillariophyceae. In zooplankton abundance of Rotifers, Cladocerons & Copepods were observed. The average value revealed that Dioptomus shows dominance in zooplankton and Diatoms in phytoplankton. At other sites parameters remained in constant range showing no much variation thus indicating better quality of water, which was free from pollution.

Keywords: Quantitative, Phytoplankton, Zooplankton

Introduction

Water in its various forms is a major element of all the components of biosphere and one of the most needed factor for the existence of living organisms. Besides studying the physico-chemical parameters of lake water, the study of biological parameters also have equal importance. Chorgaon lake is a man made reservoir situated in the North-Eastern part of Distt. Chandrapur. The lake water is used for irrigation, aquaculture as well as for domestic purposes.

The present work was carried out during Aug. 2006 to July 2007 in which focus was given on the study of water quality in terms of physico-chemical parameters and biological diversity of the lake.

Materials and Method

The water samples were collected from Chorgaon lake from four location sites S_1 , S_2 , S_3 and S_4 . The water samples were collected in pre cleaned 5 liters plastic can. The sample collection was usually completed during morning hrs. between 8.00 AM to 10.00 AM. The parameters like DO, Temp., pH were analyzed on the spot while Total solids, Total alkalinity, BOD, COD, were analyzed in the laboratory by standard methods given in APHA (1998). The plankton were collected by plankton net and were preserved in 4% formaline.

Table 1.1: Physico- Chemical parameter of Chorgaon lake during August 2006 to January 2007

Sheet Sq. </th <th>Sr. No.</th> <th>Mon/ Para</th> <th></th> <th>August</th> <th>JST</th> <th></th> <th>S</th> <th>SEPTEMBER</th> <th>IBER</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>OCTOBER</th> <th>ER</th> <th></th> <th>NO.</th> <th>NOVEMBER</th> <th>K.</th> <th></th> <th>DEC</th> <th>DECEMBER</th> <th>~</th> <th></th> <th>JAN</th> <th>JANUARY</th> <th></th>	Sr. No.	Mon/ Para		August	JST		S	SEPTEMBER	IBER			OCTOBER	ER		NO.	NOVEMBER	K.		DEC	DECEMBER	~		JAN	JANUARY	
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*All parameters are in mg/l except pH and Temp. (°C)

Table 1.2: Physico- chemical parameter of Chorgaon lake during February 2007 to July 2007

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	6.17	6.12	5.9	6.1	6.95	6.90	08.9	8.70	5.70	5.2	5.5	5.2	4.7	3.9	6.4	1.4	3.9	3.6	3.8 3.9			\neg	
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Results and Discussion

In an aquatic ecosystem physico-chemical environment has profound influence on its biotic components. They exert their influence both individually and collectively. The values of physico-chemical parameters of water samples collected from various sites are shown in Table 1.1 and 1.2.

During the study, the temperature of water ranged between $25.6\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $33.6\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ minimum temperature i.e. $25.6\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ was observed in month of Jan at Site S_1 and maximum temperature was recorded $33.6\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ in month of May at site S_4 . Temperature variation is due to depth and inflow of water in catchment area. The permissible limit of pH for potable water ranges within 6.0 to 8.5. In the present investigation the pH value noted down minimum 7.1 in August at site S_4 and maximum 8.4 at site S_4 in April.

Total Alkalinity of water is a measure of weak acid present in it and of the cations balanced against them. The highest concentration is 24.2 mg/l in month of May at site S_2 and the lowest concentration i.e. 156 mg/l l was noted down in month of Aug at site S_4 . Throughout the investigation period, it was noted that the total Dissolved Oxygen ranges between 3.6 to 6.95 mg/l. Similar variation in oxygen was reported by Khatavkar *et al.* (1989) and Bhosle *et al.* (1994). Free CO_2 value was observed maximum 4.89 mg/l at site S_2 in month of Aug, this may be due higher turbidity. Minimum value 2.11 mg/l was noted down in month of Sept at site S_4 . In winter season turbidity was lowest.

The value of Total hardness was maximum in month of May at site S_3 i.e., 298 mg/l and minimum 106 mg/l at site S_1 in month of Dec. This may be due to presence of high content of Ca & Mg in addition to sulphates & nitrates. The maximum value of TDS was noted down 1684 mg/l in month of June at site S_3 and minimum value was 1058 mg/l in month of Feb at site S_4 . Chloride concentration was recorded maximum 23.7 mg/l in month of May at site S_3 while the minimum was observed 14.05 mg/l in month of Dec at site S_4 . The value are within permissible limit with respect to DIS, ICMR. Sulphate varied from minimum 0.89 mg/l to maximum 2.12 mg/l during the investigation period. It's value increased during month of May. Phosphate value was maximum in month of July at site S_3 i.e. 3.01 mg/l and minimum value recorded in month of Dec at site S_1 i.e. 1.88 mg/l. The Nitrate shows the range of 8.15 mg/l to 2.9 mg/l. The Nitrate level was max. in the month of Aug at site S_3 & minimum was recorded in month of Feb at site S_1 .

The phytoplankton communities were represented mainly by four groups. Chlorophyceae, Cyanophyceae, Bacillariophyceae & Charophyceae. Chlorophyceae was represented by Spirogyra, Clostridium, Cosmarium etc. showed its maximum value during the month of April & minimum during the month of Aug. Bacillariophyceae was represented by Navicula, Cymbella, Diatoma vulgare etc. Its maximum value was noted down during April and May and minimum was in Aug. Cyanophyceae was a significant group, this group includes Anabaena, Oscillatoria, Nostoc, Microcystis etc. It shows higher appearance during the month of Jan and minimum in month of June. Charophyceae was represented by Chara and Nitella during present investigation. They stand fourth in their dominance. Kumar (1990) estimated that density of phytoplankton is greater during summer, post monsoon and winter and is lowest in monsoon. In the present study also peak of the phytoplankton was observed during summer and lowest during monsoon. Verma & Mohanty (1995) recorded three peaks March, July and Jan for phytoplankton at Danmukundpur pond. In present study the phytoplankton shows their dominance as follows:

Bacillariophyceae > Chlorophyceae > Cyanophyceae > Charophyceae

The zooplankton communities were represented mainly by four groups Rotifers, Ostracoda, Copepoda & Cladocera. In the present observation Rotifer were found maximum in the month of April and May and minimum was in the month of Sept. They are represented by Asplanchnopus, Brachionus, Licane etc. The Cladocera represented by Moinodaphnia, Bosmina, Moina etc. They showed maximum value during the month of January and minimum in month of July. Copepoda was represented by Diaptomus, Cyclops etc. They showed their maximum value during month of December and minimum during month of August. Ostracoda represented by Cypris showed it's maximum value during month of August and minimum during month of May.

In present investigation zooplankton showed their dominance as follows:

Rotifers > Cladocera > Copepoda > Ostracoda.

The average value revealed that the physico-chemical and biological parameter were in permissible range showing no much variation, indicates better quality of water.

Acknowledgment

The authors are thankful to Principal Dr. N.H. Khatri of A.C.S. College, Tukum, Chandrapur for providing laboratory facilities.

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